

CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST

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ARTICLE 1

Declaration of Trust

1.01. Establishment of Revocable Living Trust: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, with this instrument, hereby declares the establishment of a revocable living trust and hereby transfers and delivers to the trust without consideration all property described in the Schedule of Trust Property and referred to in this instrument as the "Trust Estate".

- 1.02. Trust Particulars: For convenient reference, the following information applies:
- 1) Settlors: CHARLES F. PRASEK a/k/a CARL F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK
- 2) Name of trust: CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST
- 3) Date established: <u>March 5</u>, 20<u>02</u>.
- 4) Initial Trustees: CHARLES F. PRASEK and

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, or the survivor of them

5) Lifetime Beneficiaries: CHARLES F. PRASEK and

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, or the survivor of them

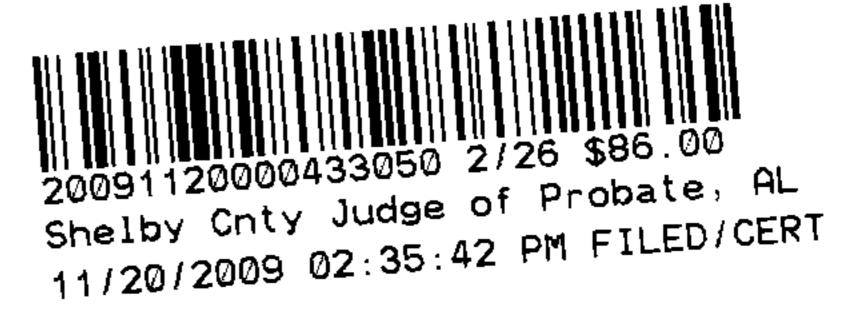
6) Remainder Beneficiaries:

RONALD RUSSELL JESSE M. RUSSELL WALTON C. RUSSELL

7) Successor Trustees:

RONALD RUSSELL, First Successor Trustee JESSE M. RUSSELL, Second Successor Trustee

- 8) Trust Situs: The State of Florida
- 1.03. Property Status Marital and Separate: Any marital property of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK transferred to the trust shall remain marital property after its transfer and shall be called the "marital trust estate." Further, CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK shall have the power to convey, encumber, or otherwise dispose of the marital property. Either CHARLES F. PRASEK's or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK's separate property transferred to the trust shall be called the "separate trust estate" with reference to the contributing settlor.
- 1.04. Special "Children" Definition: All references to the "settlors' children," "settlors' descendants," or "settlors' child" include all living children of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK and all children subsequently born to CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK while they are married to each other.



1.05. Allocation of Trust Estate: The trustee shall initially allocate the trust estate as follows:

Beneficiaries: Trust During Joint Lives Of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

ARTICLE 2

Trust During Joint Lives of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

2.01. Introduction: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK shall hold, administer, and distribute all property allocated to the "Trust During Lives of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK" as follows:

Beneficiaries - CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK: The beneficiaries of this trust shall be as follows:

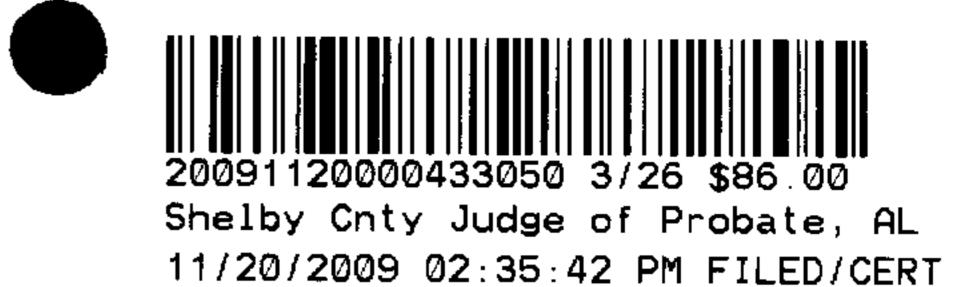
Income beneficiaries: CHARLES F. PRASEK and

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

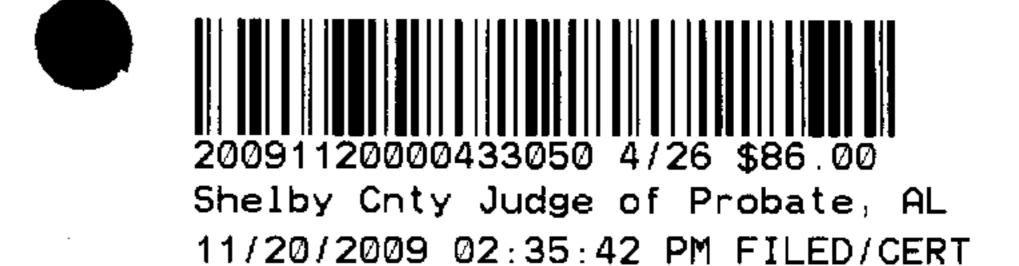
Principal beneficiaries: CHARLES F. PRASEK and

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

- 2.02. Use of Marital Income Broad Standard: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK may utilize as much of the net income of the marital trust estate as necessary for their health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum their accustomed manner of living. They shall add to principal any net income not so distributed.
- 2.03. Use of Marital Principal Broad Standard: If CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK consider the marital income insufficient, they may pay to or for their benefit as much of the principal from the marital trust estate as necessary for their health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum their accustomed manner of living. CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK shall be permitted to reside upon any real property placed in this Trust as his or her permanent residence, and this permission shall qualify as the requisite beneficial interest and possessory right to constitute an entitlement to all of the protections of Florida homestead laws and constitutional protections, as amended from time to time.
- 2.04. Use of Separate Income Broad Standard: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK may pay to or for the benefit of themselves as much of the net income from their separate trust estate as is necessary for their health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum their accustomed manner of living. They shall add to principal any net income not so distributed.
- 2.05. Separate Principal Broad Standard: If CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK consider their separate income insufficient, they may pay to or for the benefit of themselves as much of the principal of the separate trust estate as they consider reasonably necessary for their health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum their accustomed manner of living.



- 2.06. CHARLES F. PRASEK's or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK's Incapacity Ascertainable Standard: If a court declares either CHARLES F. PRASEK or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK incompetent or if their trustee, after consultation with medical professionals, considers either CHARLES F. PRASEK or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK unable to manage their own affairs by reason of physical or mental disability, then the trustees during the life of CHARLES F. PRASEK and/or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK may pay to or for them as much of the income and principal from the trust estate as is necessary for the beneficiary's health, education, or support to maintain the beneficiary's accustomed manner of living. The Trustees shall make payments first from the marital trust estate, then equally from the separate trust estates of the contributing spouse. The Trustees shall add to principal any income not distributed. If CHARLES F. PRASEK or ELIZABETH M. PRASEK shall regain sufficient capacity to act as Trustee, then he or she shall reassume the office of Trustee and the acting Successor Trustee, if any, shall thereafter cease to act as Trustee until such time as he or she shall again be authorized to act as Trustee pursuant to the terms of this trust.
- 2.07. Marital Payments Special Duty: The beneficiary receiving payments from the marital trust estate shall have the same duty to use marital income and principal allocations for the income and principal beneficiary's benefit as that beneficiary has with respect to any other marital property.
- 2.08. Guidelines Other Sources Considered: In making distributions, the trustee may (1) consider any other income or resources of a beneficiary known to the trustee and reasonably available; (2) pay or apply for one beneficiary more than the other and may make payments or applications of benefits for one beneficiary to the exclusion of the other; and (3) consider the value of the trust assets, the relative needs, both present and future, of each beneficiary, and the tax consequences to the trust and to the beneficiaries. NOTE DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME FROM SUBCHAPTER "S" CORPORATION TRUST ASSETS: Notwithstanding other provisions which are or may appear to be to the contrary, <u>all</u> income derived from a Subchapter "S" Corporation trust asset <u>must be distributed annually</u>, and <u>must be paid to one person only</u>.
- 2.09. Payments to Others: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK acting jointly may at any time act as the trustees to pay single sums or periodic payments out of the marital trust estate to any person or organization. The settlor who has contributed separate property may act as trustee to pay single sums or periodic payments out of that settlor's separate trust estate to any other person or organization. Additionally, a settlor's conservator upon appropriate court order may exercise this power for payments qualifying for the federal gift tax annual donee exclusion.
- 2.10. Revocation During Settlors' Lives: During the joint lives of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, either or both settlors may revoke from the trust the marital trust estate in whole or in part by a written document or within the Minutes of Trust delivered to the trustee. On revocation, the trustee shall promptly deliver to both settlors or their designee the revoked portion of the marital trust estate, which shall continue as marital property of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK.
- 2.11. Amendment During Settlors' Lives: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK acting together may at any time during their joint lives amend any of the terms of this trust by a written document delivered to the trustee or including such amendment in the Minutes of Trust. No amendment shall substantially increase the



trustee's duties and liabilities or change the trustee's compensation without the trustee's consent. The trustee need not abide by the terms of the amendment until it is accepted. This right to amend includes the right to change the successor trustees at any time for any reason.

2.12. Powers of Revocation and Amendment Personal: The powers of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK to revoke or amend this trust are personal to them, and no guardian, conservator, or other person shall exercise them.

ARTICLE 3

Trust Allocation After First Spouse's Death

- 3.01. Action at First Spouse's Death: The first settlor to die shall be the "deceased spouse," and the living settlor, the "surviving spouse." At the death of the deceased spouse but before the trust assets are allocated as set forth below, the trustee shall make the following distributions: NONE
- 3.02. Simultaneous Death Presumption of Survival: If CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK die under circumstances where no sufficient evidence exists that they died otherwise than simultaneously, then the trustee shall conclusively presume the following sequence of deaths:

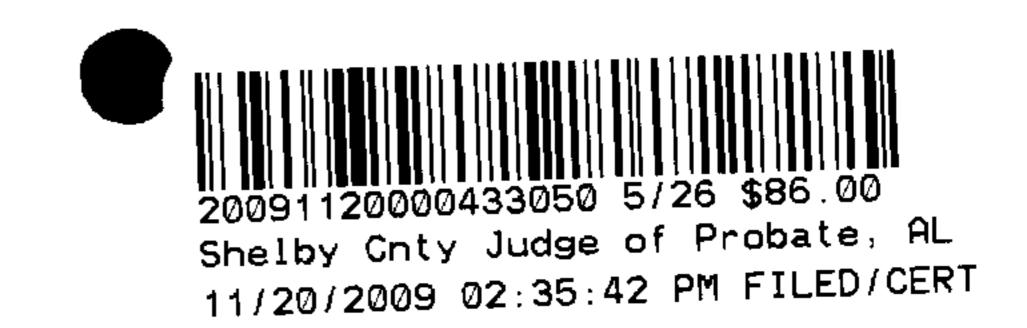
First:

CHARLES F. PRASEK

Second:

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

- 3.03. Deceased Spouse's Expenses and Taxes: The trustee may, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, pay from the trust estate the deceased spouse's lawful debts, last illness and funeral costs, expenses of administration for this trust and the deceased spouse's probate estate. The trustee may allocate the payment of the deceased spouse's lawful debts to the deceased spouse's interest in the marital trust estate and the deceased spouse's separate trust estate as the trustee determines in the trustee's reasonable discretion. However, the trustee shall further allocate marital lawful debts between the deceased spouse's and surviving spouse's trust interests in the trust estate according to Florida law in effect at the deceased spouse's date of death.
- 3.04. Allocation of Surviving Spouse's Property Surviving Spouse's Trust: At the deceased spouse's death, the trustee shall allocate the surviving spouse's interest in the marital trust estate and the surviving spouse's separate trust estate to the Surviving Spouse's Trust. NOTE DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME FROM SUBCHAPTER PS" CORPORATION TRUST ASSETS: Notwithstanding other provisions which are or may appear to be to the contrary, all income derived from a Subchapter "S" Corporation trust asset must be distributed annually, and must be paid to one person only.
- 3.05. Distribution of Remainder to Family Bypass Trust: The trustee shall allocate the remainder of the deceased spouse's interest in the marital trust estate and the deceased spouse's separate trust estate to the Family Bypass Trust.
- 3.06. Death Taxes Statutory Provisions and Exemption Gift: The deceased spouse directs the trustee to charge and collect all federal death taxes for assets passing under this trust, under the deceased spouse's will, and outside the deceased spouse's trust or will from those persons sharing in the deceased spouse's taxable estate in



accordance with Florida law for death tax apportionment and allocation. However, as three exceptions, the deceased spouse directs the trustee to pay from the exemption equivalent gift, without apportionment among the beneficiaries, (1) all federal death taxes chargeable to any assets passing under or outside this trust or the deceased spouse's will constituting federal estate tax marital deduction gifts; (2) all federal death taxes chargeable to any family allowance; and (3) all federal death taxes chargeable to any gift under this trust or the deceased spouse's will designated as "free of all death taxes." The deceased spouse recognizes and confirms that such statutes provide that if a beneficiary's gift contributes to the taxable estate, the beneficiary must pay a proportionate share of the tax calculated at the average tax rate. Further, the deceased spouse directs that all state death taxes shall be charged and collected in the same manner as the federal death taxes and not as a probate administration expense. To the extent other assets are available, the trustee shall not use any qualified retirement plan distribution excluded from federal estate tax under the Internal Revenue Code to pay taxes, lawful debts, or other charges enforceable against the deceased spouse's estate.

3.07. Specific Deferral of Division - Until Disclaimer: At the deceased spouse's death, in order not to jeopardize the surviving spouse's opportunity to effect a disclaimer of the deceased spouse's property passing to the Family Bypass Trust, the trustee shall delay funding the Family Bypass Trust until the earlier of (1) the expiration of the maximum period under the Internal Revenue Code permitted for disclaimer; (2) the filing by or on behalf of the surviving spouse with the trustee of a written waiver of the disclaimer right; or (3) the filing by or on behalf of the surviving spouse of a written disclaimer. Until the occurrence of the earlier of these events, the trustee shall accumulate all income of the deceased spouse's property in a segregated subaccount of the trust estate, and the trustee shall not distribute any principal to the surviving spouse. Upon the occurrence of the earlier of these three events, the trustee shall make the distribution or division as if it had taken place at the prescribed time absent this paragraph, and all beneficiary rights in these trust assets shall accrue and vest as of the prescribed time.

3.08. Revocation - Surviving Spouse's Trust: After the allocation of the trust estate, the following provisions regarding revocation and amendment shall apply:

(1) Surviving Spouse's Trust: The surviving spouse may revoke and amend the Surviving Spouse's Trust subject to the qualifications contained in Article 1.

(2) Other Trusts: All other trusts shall become irrevocable and nonamendable.

ARTICLE 4

Surviving Spouse's Trust

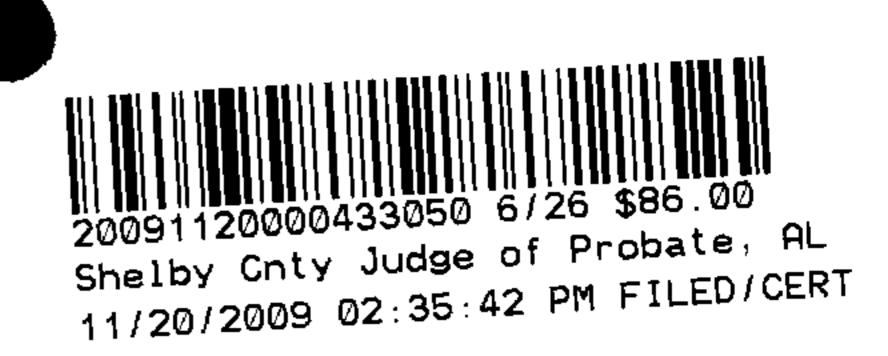
4.01. Introduction: The trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute all property allocated to the Surviving Spouse's Trust as follows:

Beneficiary - Surviving Spouse: The beneficiary of this trust shall be as follows:

Income Beneficiary: Surviving Spouse

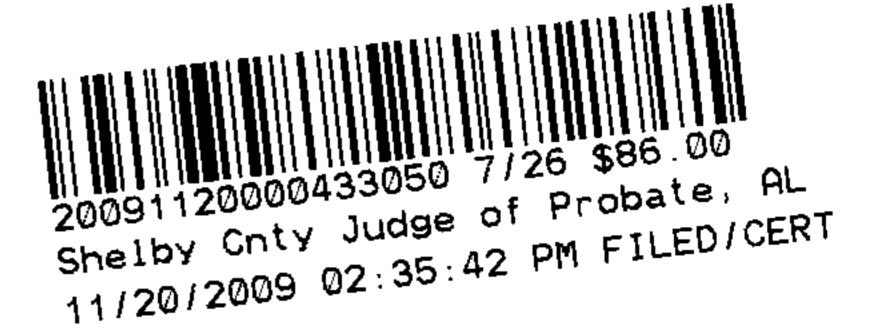
Principal Beneficiary: Surviving Spouse

4.02. Income - Broad Standard: The trustee shall pay to or for the Income Beneficiary



as much of the net income as the trustee considers necessary for the Income Beneficiary's health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum the income beneficiary's accustomed manner of living. The trustee shall add to principal any net income not so distributed.

- 4.03. Principal Broad Standard: If the trustee considers the income insufficient, the trustee shall pay to or for the Principal Beneficiary as much of the principal as is reasonably necessary for the Principal Beneficiary's health, education, support, comfort, welfare, or happiness to maintain at a minimum the Principal Beneficiary's accustomed manner of living.
- 4.04. Guidelines Other Sources, One Beneficiary: In making distributions, the trustee, in its reasonable discretion, may consider any other income or resources of the beneficiary known to the trustee and reasonably available.
- 4.05. Surviving Spouse's Lifetime Income and Principal General Power of Appointment Broad Standard: At any time during the Surviving Spouse's life, the trustee shall distribute all or any part of the trust, including accrued income and undistributed income, to such one or more persons and entities, including the Surviving Spouse or the Surviving Spouse's estate, and on such terms and conditions, outright, in trust, or by creating further powers of appointment, as the surviving spouse shall request by an acknowledged document that specifically refers to this power of appointment.
- 4.06. Disclaimer of Trust Interest To Family Disclaimer Trust: If the surviving spouse effectively disclaims all of the surviving spouse's beneficial interest in all or any portion of this trust, the trustee shall distribute the trust, or that portion of the trust corresponding to the disclaimed interest, to the Family Disclaimer Trust.
- 4.07. Surviving Spouse's Deathtime Income and Principal General Power of Appointment: On the death of the surviving spouse, the trustee shall distribute the remainder, if any, of the trust, including accrued income and undistributed income to such one or more persons and entities, including the surviving spouse's estate, and on such terms and conditions, either outright, in trust, or by creating further powers of appointment as the surviving spouse shall appoint by a valid instrument or lifetime document that was executed after the deceased spouse's death and specifically refers to this power of appointment. If the surviving spouse does not effectively appoint all the trust estate, the trustee shall distribute such property according to the distribution provisions below.
- 4.08. Distribution Family Bypass Trust: At the surviving spouse's death, the trustee shall distribute (1) any accrued and undistributed income to the surviving spouse's estate, and (2) any remaining principal according to the Family Bypass Trust distribution provisions.
- 4.09. Spouse's Last Illness Expenses and Taxes: At the surviving spouse's death, the trustee, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, may pay the expenses of the surviving spouse's last illness and funeral, other obligations incurred for the surviving spouse's support, and any estate or inheritance taxes arising by reason of the surviving spouse's death from either income or principal of this trust to the extent they have not been specifically appointed, unless other adequate provisions exist.
- 4.10. Death Taxes Surviving Spouse's Will: The surviving spouse directs the trustee and the surviving spouse's executor to charge and collect all federal death taxes for assets passing under the surviving spouse's will and outside the surviving spouse's will



from those persons sharing in the federal taxable estate in accordance with the Florida Law for death tax apportionment and allocation. Further, the surviving spouse directs the trustee to charge and collect all state death taxes in the same manner as the federal death taxes and not as probate administration expenses. These tax directions shall not apply to any gifts passing under the surviving spouse's will or under this trust designated as "free of all death taxes," and the trustee shall pay all such death taxes from the remainder of the trust estate without apportionment among the beneficiaries.

4.11. Recovery of Additional Tax Under IRC Section 2207A - Discretionary With Trustee: If the surviving spouse's taxable estate includes the value of property to which Section 2044 of the Internal Revenue Code applies, the surviving spouse's executor and trustee shall have discretion to recover or not to recover from the person or persons receiving that property as much of the amount that the surviving spouse's estate is entitled to recover under Section 2207A of the Internal Revenue Code as they consider appropriate.

ARTICLE 5

Family Bypass Trust of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK

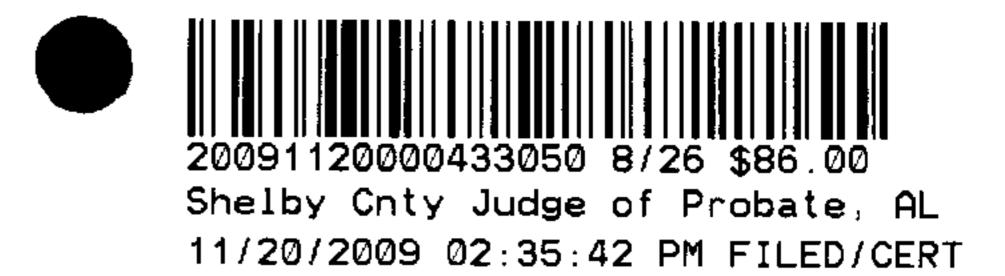
5.01. Introduction: The trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute all property allocated to the Family Bypass Trust as follows:

Beneficiaries - Surviving Spouse, CHARLES F. PRASEK's and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK's Descendants: The beneficiaries of this trust shall be as follows:

Income Beneficiary: Surviving Spouse.

Principal beneficiaries: Class composed of the surviving spouse as primary beneficiary and descendants of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK.

- 5.02. Income Ascertainable Standard: The trustee shall pay to or for the income beneficiary as much of the net income as is necessary for the income beneficiary's health, education, or support to maintain the income beneficiary's accustomed manner of living. The trustee shall add to principal any net income not so distributed.
- 5.03. Principal Ascertainable Standard: If the trustee considers the income insufficient, the trustee shall pay to or for the principal beneficiary as much of the principal as is necessary for the principal beneficiary's health, education, or support to maintain the principal beneficiary's accustomed manner of living.
- 5.04. Guidelines Other Sources and Sprinkling Discretion: In making distributions, the trustee, in its reasonable discretion, (1) may consider any other income or resources of the beneficiary, including the beneficiary's ability to obtain gainful employment and the obligation of others to support the beneficiary, known to the trustee and reasonably available for the purposes stated here; (2) may pay more to or apply more for some beneficiaries than others and may make payments to or applications of benefits for one or more beneficiaries to the exclusion of others; (3) may consider the value of the trust assets, the relative needs, both present and future, of each member of the beneficiary class, and the tax consequences to the trust and to any beneficiary; and (4) shall charge distributions of income and principal against



the entire trust estate and not against the share of the individual beneficiary to whom or for whom the distribution was made. Notwithstanding other provisions which are or may appear to be to the contrary, during the remainder of the lifetime of Grantor's surviving spouse, Trustees shall pay to the surviving spouse or as the surviving spouse may direct such amounts from the principal of this trust as the surviving spouse shall demand from time to time by a written direction signed by the surviving spouse and delivered to the other Trustees; provided however, the total of said sums paid in any one calendar year shall not exceed the greater of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or five percent (5%) of the total value of the principal of this trust as of December 31 of that year. NOTE - DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME FROM SUBCHAPTER "S" CORPORATION TRUST ASSETS: Notwithstanding other provisions which are or may appear to be to the contrary, all income derived from a Subchapter "S" Corporation trust asset must be distributed annually, and must be paid to one person only.

- 5.05. Disclaimer of Trust Interest Distribution Provisions: If the surviving spouse effectively disclaims all of the surviving spouse's beneficial interest in all or any portion of this trust, the trustee shall distribute the trust, or that portion of the trust corresponding to the disclaimed interest, according to the distribution provisions below.
- 5.06. Distribution Outright to Named Beneficiaries:

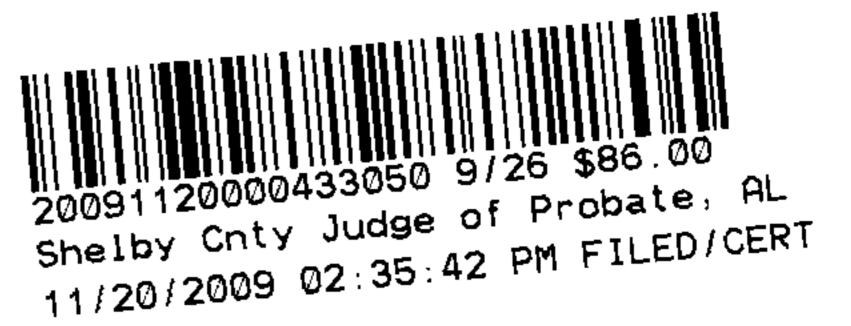
Upon the death of the surviving spouse, the Trustee shall distribute the assets as follows:

- 1. All assets in the nature of tangible personal property shall be distributed according to the instructions in that certain separate writing, the minutes of the trust, that will be signed and dated by the settlors, but which may be changed by them from time to time. The minutes bearing the last date shall be controlling.
- 2. All the rest of the assets of the trust shall be distributed equally to Ronald Russell, Jesse M. Russell, and Walton C. Russell, share and share alike.
- 3. If Ronald Russell dies before the surviving spouse, then his share shall be distributed equally to his children, share and share alike, and per stirpes.

If Jesse M. Russell dies before the surviving spouse, then his share shall be distributed equally to Ronald Russell and Walton C. Russell, share and share alike, and as otherwise directed herein.

If Walton C. Russell dies before the surviving spouse, then his share shall be distributed equally to Ronald Russell and Jesse M. Russell, and as otherwise directed herein.

If no descendants of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK exist, the trustee shall give half the remainder to the deceased spouse's heirs and half to the surviving spouse's heirs, their identities and shares to be determined under Florida law in effect on the date of execution of this instrument relating to succession of separate property that was not acquired from a parent, grandparent, or previously deceased spouse.



Family Disclaimer Trust

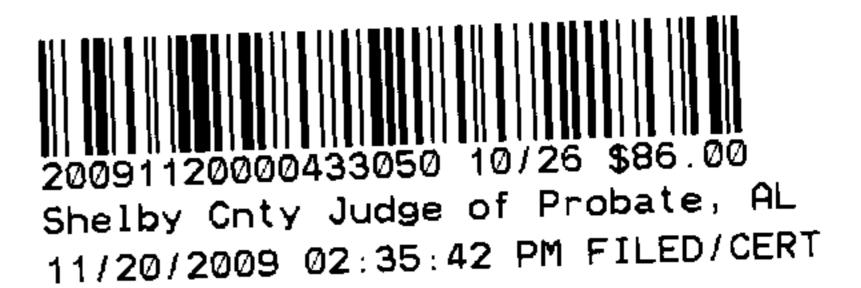
6.01. Introduction: The trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute all property allocated to the Family Disclaimer Trust as follows:

Beneficiaries - Surviving Spouse, CHARLES F. PRASEK's and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK's Descendants: The beneficiaries of this trust shall be as follows:

Income Beneficiary: Surviving Spouse.

Principal Beneficiaries: Class composed of the surviving spouse as primary beneficiary and the descendants of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK.

- 6.02. Income Ascertainable Standard: The trustee shall pay to or for the income beneficiary as much of the net income as is necessary for the income beneficiary's health, education, or support to maintain the income beneficiary's accustomed manner of living. The trustee shall add to principal any net income not so distributed.
- 6.03. Principal Ascertainable Standard: If the trustee considers the income insufficient, the trustee shall pay to or for the principal beneficiary as much of the principal as is necessary for the principal beneficiary's health, education, or support to maintain the principal beneficiary's accustomed manner of living.
- 6.04. Guidelines Other Sources and Sprinkling Discretion: In making distributions, the trustee, in its reasonable discretion, (1) may consider any other income or resources of the beneficiary, including the beneficiary's ability to obtain gainful employment and the obligation of others to support the beneficiary, known to the trustee and reasonably available for the purposes stated here; (2) may pay more to or apply more for some beneficiaries than others and may make payments to or applications of benefits for one or more beneficiaries to the exclusion of others; (3) may consider the value of the trust assets, the relative needs, both present and future, of each member of the beneficiary class, and the tax consequences to the trust and to any beneficiary; and (4) shall charge distributions of income and principal to the entire trust estate, and not against the share of the individual beneficiary to whom or for whom distribution was made.
- 6.05. Disclaimer of Trust Interest Distribution Provisions: If the surviving spouse effectively disclaims all of the surviving spouse's beneficial interest in all or any portion of this trust, the trustee shall distribute the trust, or that portion of the trust corresponding to the disclaimed interest, according to the distribution provisions below.
- 6.06. Distribution According to Family Bypass Trust: At the surviving spouse's death, the trustee shall distribute all assets in this trust according to the distribution provisions of the Family Bypass Trust.



Office Of Trustee

7.01. Nomination of Trustees for All Trusts: For all trusts under this instrument, the trustee and successor trustees shall be those persons named below. Each successor trustee shall serve in the order designated if the prior trustee fails to qualify or ceases to act.

Initial Trustees: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, or the survivor of them

Successor Trustees:

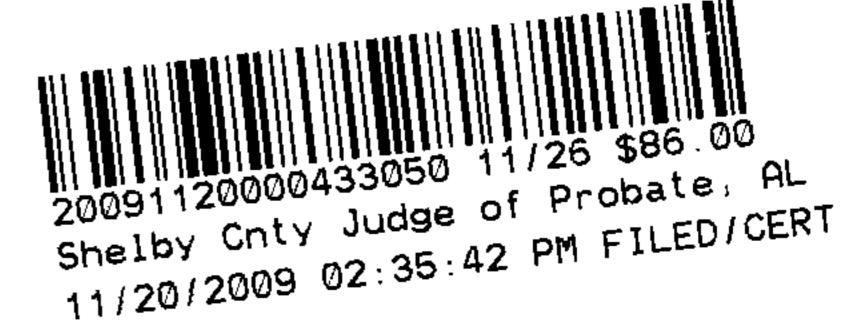
First:

RONALD RUSSELL

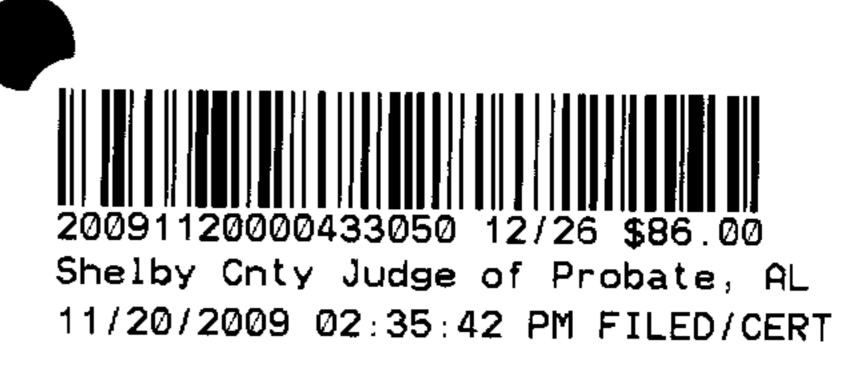
Second:

JESSE M. RUSSELL

- 7.02. Trustee May Appoint Co-trustee: Any trustee, sole trustee, co-trustee, or special trustee may appoint a co-trustee, individual trustee or corporate trustee. If the appointing trustee ceases to act, the appointed co-trustee may also exercise this power. Such appointments shall supersede any successor trustee designated in this instrument.
- 7.03. Co-trustee May Allocate Duties: Any co-trustee may allocate duties between those serving by a written agreement and concurrence by a majority of the adult income and principal beneficiaries. After such delegation, any one trustee may unilaterally revoke such delegation at will and without cause by written notice to the other trustees and adult income and principal beneficiaries. The trustee may, for example, exercise this power to delegate several actions for bank and securities brokerage transactions.
- 7.04. Court Appointed Trustee: If all designated trustees fail to qualify or cease to act, a court of competent jurisdiction shall appoint a trustee or co-trustees, individual or corporate, after consideration of the preference of the current income beneficiaries of the trust.
- 7.05. Resignation Designated Successors: Any trustee may resign at any time from any trust under this instrument. The resigning trustee shall give written notice of the resignation by personal delivery or registered mail to all current income beneficiaries. The resignation shall be effective on the qualification of a designated successor trustee. The designated successor trustee shall act as trustee on acceptance of the appointment.
- 7.06. Individual Trustee's Disability Successor Trustee Acts: If any individual trustee is unable to participate in trust activities because of illness, disability, or any other reason, the designated successor trustee may act as co-trustee during any such incapacity. In determining the disability of the individual trustee, the successor trustee may rely on written statements from two licensed physicians who have examined the trustee. In the absence of such a statement, the successor trustee shall petition the court having jurisdiction over this trust for authority to proceed as successor trustee. The successor trustee shall incur no liability to any beneficiary of the trust or to the replaced trustee as a result of any action taken under this provision.



- 7.07. Individual Trustee's Absence From State Delegation of Powers to Cotrustee or Successor Trustee: The individual trustee shall have the power to delegate temporarily to the co-trustee or successor trustee all or any of his or her powers during temporary vacation periods or other absences from the State of Florida. The individual trustee shall exercise this power of delegation by written notice to the co-trustee specifying the powers delegated. This delegation shall terminate on delivery of written notice by the individual trustee to the co-trustee of termination of delegation. The individual trustee shall incur no liability to any beneficiary of the trust estate as a result of any actions taken or not taken within the scope of delegation during the period of delegation.
- 7.08. Trustee Differences Individual Trustee Prevails: If, after consultation with each other, the trustees are unable to agree regarding any matter affecting the administration or distribution of the trust estate, the decision of the individual trustee shall govern. The individual trustee shall advise the corporate trustee in writing of its decision. The corporate trustee shall comply with any decision of the individual trustee and shall not be liable to any person for the actions of the trustees under their decision.
- 7.09. Action by Majority of Trustees General: Any action taken by a majority of the trustees in office shall be binding on this trust, and third parties may rely on such action. The nonconsenting trustees shall not be liable for actions of the majority.
- 7.10. Action by One Trustee Monetary Limitation: Any one of the trustees shall have the power to bind the trust in any transaction obligating the trust to expend five hundred dollars (\$500) or less, except that any trustee who is also a Settlor and Initial Trustee shall not be bound by this limitation.
- 7.11. Compensation for Individual Trustee Reasonable: The individual trustee may pay itself reasonable compensation from the trust estate during each calendar year for all ordinary services and reasonable additional compensation for any extraordinary services, all without court order. If the individual trustee serves for only part of a calendar year, the individual trustee shall prorate the annual compensation.
- 7.12. Compensation for Corporate Trustee Fee Schedule: The corporate trustee shall pay itself on an annual basis according to the corporate trustee's published fee schedule in effect from time to time.
- 7.13. Investment Duties Proposals by Corporate Trustee: The corporate trustee shall make periodic reviews of the investments held by the trust estate and, based on these reviews, make written proposals to the individual trustee regarding purchases and sales of trust assets. If the individual trustee fails to notify the corporate trustee in writing of the disapproval of any proposed sale or investment within ten (10) days after mailed notice, the corporate trustee may consider such inaction as approval. The corporate trustee shall not be liable for any loss resulting from retention or investment of any property when the individual trustee disapproved of the action.
- 7.14. Employment of Consultants General: The trustee may employ custodians, attorneys, accountants, investment advisers, corporate fiduciaries, or any other agents or advisers to assist the trustee in the administration of this trust and may rely on the advice given by these agents. The trustee shall pay reasonable compensation for all services performed by these agents from the trust estate out of either income or principal as the trustee in the trustee's reasonable discretion



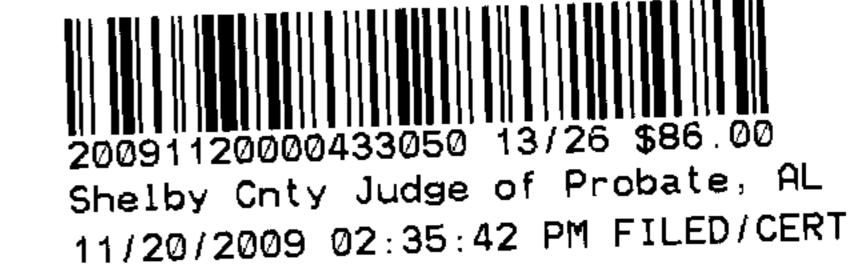
determines. These payments shall not decrease the compensation to which the trustee is entitled.

- 7.15. Exculpatory Clause All Trustees: No trustee shall be liable to any person interested in this trust for any act or default unless it results from the trustee's bad faith, willful misconduct, or gross negligence.
- 7.16. Waiver of Liability for Predecessor Trustee: Any successor trustee may accept as correct any accounting of trust assets made by any predecessor trustee. However, a successor trustee may institute any action or proceeding for the settlement of the accounts, acts, or omissions of any predecessor trustee.
- 7.17. Bond Waiver: No trustee, including nonresidents, shall be required to post bond or security.
- 7.18. Trustee Self-Dealing Loan, Buy, and Sell: The trustee shall have the power to loan or advance the trustee's own funds to the trust for any trust purpose, with interest at current rates, to receive security for such loans in the form of a mortgage, pledge, deed of trust, or other encumbrance of any assets of the trust, to purchase or exchange assets of the trust at their fair market value as determined by an independent appraiser, to sell property to the trust at a price not in excess of its fair market value as determined by an independent appraiser, and to lease assets to or from the trust for fair rental value as determined by an independent appraiser.
- 7.19. Trustee and Executor Transactions Self-Dealing Permitted: The trustee and the executor of the settlor's estate may freely contract financial transactions between themselves, such as the purchase and sale of assets and the making of loans, secured and unsecured, notwithstanding each office being held by the same person and apparent conflicts of interest.

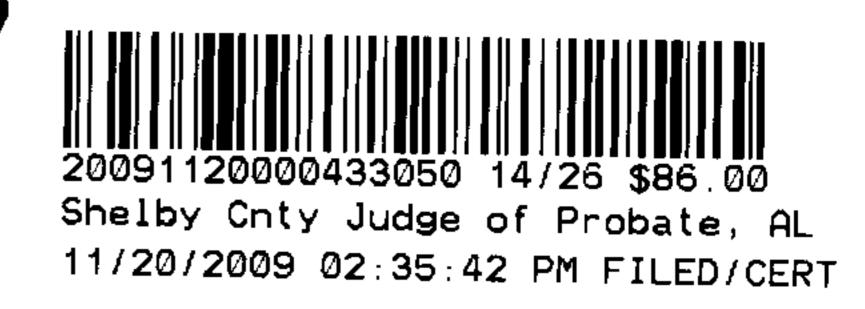
ARTICLE 8

Trustee Management Powers

- 8.01. Introduction: For all trusts under this instrument, the trustee shall have the management powers set forth below in addition to those powers now or hereafter conferred by law.
- 8.02. Retain or Abandon Property: The trustee shall have the power to continue to hold any property, including shares of the trustee's own stock, or to abandon any property that the trustee receives or acquires.
- 8.03. Unproductive Property: Except when specifically restricted, the trustee shall have the power to retain, purchase, or otherwise acquire unproductive property.
- 8.04. Sell, Exchange, Repair: The trustee shall have the power to manage, control, grant options on, sell (for cash or on deferred payments with or without security), convey, exchange, partition, divide, improve, and repair trust property.
- 8.05. Lease: The trustee shall have the power to lease trust property for terms within or beyond the terms of the trust and for any purpose, including exploration for and removal of gas, oil, and other minerals and to enter into community oil leases, pooling, and unitization agreements.



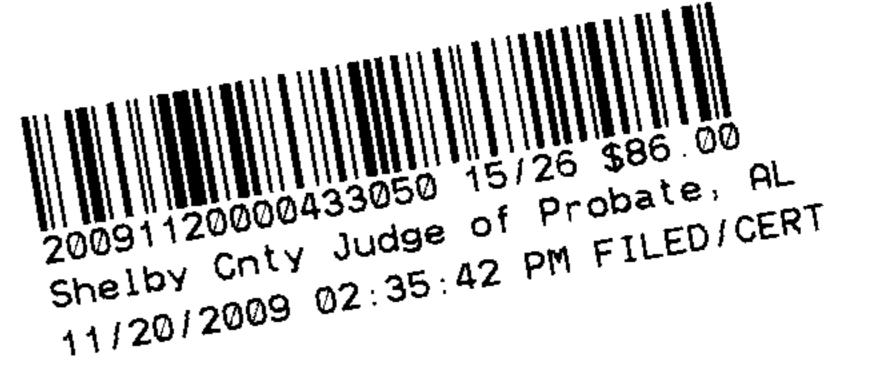
- 8.06. Investments General Power: The trustee shall have the power to invest and reinvest the trust estate in every kind of property, real, personal, or mixed, and every kind of investment, specifically including, but not by way of limitation, corporate obligations of every kind, stocks, preferred or common, shares in investment trusts, investment companies, mutual funds, mortgage participations, life insurance policies on the life of any beneficiary that men of prudence, discretion, and intelligence acquire for their own account, and any common trust fund administered by the trustee.
- 8.07. Securities: The trustee shall have all the rights, powers, and privileges of an owner of the securities held in trust, including, but not by way of limitation, the power to vote, give proxies, and pay assessments; to participate in voting trusts and pooling agreements (whether or not extending beyond the term of the trust); to enter into shareholders' agreements; to consent to foreclosure, reorganizations, consolidations, merger, liquidations, sales and leases, and, incident to any such action, to deposit securities with and transfer title to any protective or other committee on such terms as the trustee may deem advisable; and to exercise or sell stock subscription or conversion rights.
- 8.08. Investment Funds: The trustee shall have the power to invest in mortgage participations, in shares of investment trusts and regulated investment companies, including any under the control of any investment counsel employed by the trustee, in mutual funds, money market funds, and index funds that investors of prudence, discretion, and intelligence acquire for their own account.
- 8.09. Nominee's Name: The trustee shall have the power to hold securities or other property in the trustee's name as trustee under this trust, or in the trustee's own name, or in the name of a nominee, or the trustee may hold securities unregistered in such condition that ownership will pass by delivery.
- 8.10. Insurance: The trustee shall have the power to carry, at the expense of the trust, insurance of such kinds and in such amounts as the trustee deems advisable to protect the trust estate against any damage or loss and to protect the trustee against liability with respect to third parties.
- 8.11. Borrow General: The trustee shall have the power to borrow money and to encumber or hypothecate trust property by mortgage, deed of trust, pledge, or by otherwise securing the indebtedness of the trust or the joint indebtedness of the trust and a co-owner of trust property.
- 8.12. Loan: The trustee shall have the power to loan money to any person, including a trust beneficiary or the estate of a trust beneficiary, at prevailing interest rates and with or without security as the trustee deems advisable.
- 8.13. Bonds Limitations: The trustee shall have the power to purchase bonds either at a premium or at a discount. For bonds purchased at a premium, the trustee shall, in a reasonable manner, periodically repay to principal each premium from interest on the bond or sale or redemption proceeds. For bonds purchased at discounts, the trustee shall periodically accumulate each discount as interest and, to the extent necessary, pay such discount out of principal or from the sale or redemption proceeds.
- 8.14. Invest in Life Insurance: The trustee shall have the power to acquire and maintain life insurance policies on the life of any person, including a trust beneficiary, and to exercise all rights of ownership granted to such policies.



- 8.15. General Partnership Restriction: The trustee, in the trustee's absolute discretion, shall have the election to act only as a limited partner of any partnership in the trust and shall take any action necessary to effect this election.
- 8.16. Treasury Bonds Special Tax Redemptions: The trustee shall have the power to purchase at less than par obligations of the United States of America that are redeemable at par in payment of any federal estate tax liability of a settlor in such amounts as the trustee deems advisable. The trustee shall exercise this discretion if the trustee believes that a settlor is in substantial danger of death, and the trustee may borrow funds and give security for such purchase. The trustee shall resolve any doubt concerning the desirability of making the purchase and its amount in favor of making the purchase and in purchasing a larger, even though somewhat excessive, amount. The trustee shall not be liable to a settlor, any heir, or any beneficiary of this trust for losses resulting from purchases made in good faith. The trustee shall redeem such obligations to the fullest extent possible in payment of a settlor's federal estate tax liability.

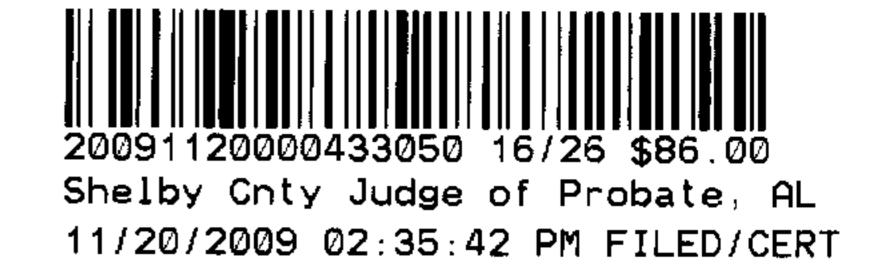
Trustee Accounting and Distribution Powers

- 9.01. Introduction: For all trusts under this instrument, the trustee shall have the following powers and duties for accounting and tax matters.
- 9.02. Private Accounting: The trustee shall periodically, but not less than once each year, render an account of its administration of the trusts to all of the current income and current principal beneficiaries who are then adults. The beneficiary's written approval of the accounting shall be a complete protection of the trustee as to all matters and transactions stated or shown by the accounting. Failure to transmit to the trustee either (a) the written approval of such accounting, or (b) a written objection to the accounting, with reasons specified, within a period of ninety (90) days after a written request by the trustee for such approval shall constitute a written approval of the guardian, conservator, or representative of such person entitled to the accounting. To the extent permitted by law, the written approval of the adult beneficiaries shall bind minor and contingent remainder interests. Except as provided in this paragraph, any reports or accounts otherwise required by the Florida Law are hereby waived to the fullest extent of the law.
- 9.03. Principal and Income Act Governs: The trustee shall determine all matters with respect to what is principal and income of the trust estate and the apportionment and allocation of receipts and expenses between these accounts by the provisions of the Florida Law from time to time existing. When this instrument or such Act does not provide, the trustee, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, shall determine the characterization.
- 9.04. Depreciation Reserve Mandatory: The trustee shall establish reasonable reserves for depreciation, notwithstanding any other provision of this instrument or the Florida law governing income and principal allocation.
- 9.05. Undistributed Income: Income accrued or unpaid on trust property when received into the trust shall be treated as any other income. Income accrued or held undistributed by the trustee at the termination of any trust or any interest in a trust created under this instrument, other than any trust that may be a qualified terminable



interest property trust, shall go to the next beneficiaries of that interest or trust in proportion to their interest in it. Income accrued or held in trust on the termination of a qualified terminable interest property trust shall go to the beneficiary of that trust immediately before the termination or to his or her estate.

- 9.06. Expense Allocation Proration: The trustee shall prorate all taxes and current expenses among successive beneficiaries over the period to which they relate on a daily basis.
- 9.07. Tax Consequences Adjustment: The trustee shall have the power in the trustee's reasonable discretion to take any action and to make any election to minimize the tax liabilities of any trust and its beneficiaries, to allocate the benefits among the various beneficiaries, and to make adjustments in the rights of any beneficiaries, or between the income and principal accounts, to compensate for the consequences of any tax election or any investment or administrative decision that the trustee believes has had the effect of directly or indirectly preferring one beneficiary or group of beneficiaries over others.
- 9.08. Multiple Trusts No Physical Division: If this instrument creates more than one trust, the trustee shall not be required to physically segregate or divide assets among the various trusts, except on the termination of any of the trusts. However, the trustee shall keep separate accounts for the separate undivided interests, and the trust may hold undivided interests in the same assets.
- 9.09. Death Taxes of Beneficiary Authority To Pay: The trustee, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, shall have the power to pay from the trust estate, and to allocate between income and principal, any death taxes to the extent that such taxes are attributable to the trust estate or any part of it (calculated at the average rates applicable to such tax). However, any trust property otherwise exempt from federal estate tax shall not be subject to the payment of any such death taxes.
- 9.10. Beneficiary's Last Illness and Funeral Expenses: The trustee shall have the power, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, to pay the last illness expenses, funeral expenses, and other obligations incurred for the beneficiary's support from the income or principal of the beneficiary's trust.
- 9.11. Distributions Consideration of Basis of Assets: In making nonprorata distributions to the beneficiaries, the trustee shall consider and attempt to equalize, insofar as practicable, the aggregate income tax basis of assets distributed to the various beneficiaries. Any such determination by the trustee shall bind all parties in interest.
- 9.12. Distributions and Powers of Appointment: If, on expiration of the later of either six (6) months after the death of any person holding a power of appointment created by this instrument or the expiration of the statutory period within which a will contest must be filed, the trustee has not received any document purporting to exercise the power, the trustee may distribute any property according to the terms of this instrument as if the power had not been exercised. If a document purporting to exercise the power is subsequently located, the trustee shall not be liable to the appointees under that exercise, and the rights of the appointees and the persons receiving property from the trustee shall follow applicable law.
- 9.13. Distribution Broad Powers: When the trustee must divide any trust property into parts or shares for the purpose of distribution or otherwise, the trustee



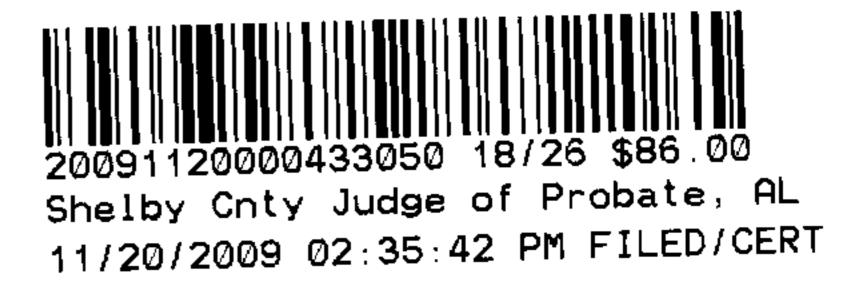
may, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, make the division and distribution in identical interests, in kind, or partly in kind and partly in money, prorata or nonprorata. Also, the trustee may make such sales of the trust property as the trustee deems necessary to accommodate such distributions.

- 9.14. Deferral of Division and Distribution: If the trust directs distribution of the trust estate or division into separate trusts, then the trustee may, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, defer that distribution or division for a period reasonably necessary to wind up properly the affairs of the trust. When the trustee so defers, the trustee shall make the distribution or division as if it had taken place at the time prescribed in the absence of this paragraph, and all beneficiary rights in those trust assets shall accrue and vest as of the prescribed time.
- 9.15. Small Trust Termination Trustee Discretion: The trustee may determine, in its reasonable discretion, if the principal of the trust is uneconomical to administer. The trustee may then, in its reasonable discretion, (1) distribute the trust assets to the beneficiaries in proportion to their interests in income; (2) purchase and deliver to the income beneficiaries a restrictive savings account, certificate of deposit, annuity, or endowment; (3) distribute the trust assets to a custodian for the beneficiaries under the Florida Law governing transfers of property to minors; or (4) distribute the trust assets as provided by law. On such distribution and delivery, the trust shall terminate. The trustee shall not be liable or responsible to any person for its action or for its failure or refusal at any time to terminate the trust as authorized in this paragraph.
- 9.16. Payment of Income or Principal Trustee's Discretion To Select Payee: If income or principal is payable to a minor, to a person under legal disability, or to a person not adjudicated incompetent but who, by reason of illness or mental or physical disability, is in the opinion of the trustee unable to manage the distribution properly, then the trustee may, in its reasonable discretion, pay such income or principal in any of the following ways: (1) to the beneficiary directly, (2) to the legally appointed guardian or conservator of the beneficiary, (3) to a custodian for the beneficiary under the Florida law governing transfers of property to minors, (4) for the benefit of the beneficiary, or (5) to an adult relative or friend in reimbursement for amounts properly advanced for the benefit of the beneficiary.
- 9.17. Back-up Trust for Minor Beneficiary's Distribution: Except when this instrument provides otherwise, the trustee shall delay outright distribution of any minor beneficiary's interest in a trust by continuing in a separate trust such minor's share, subject to any trustee discretion to terminate a small trust or court-ordered termination. The trustee shall add all income to principal and pay to or for the benefit of the minor beneficiary as much of the trust estate as is necessary for the minor beneficiary's health, education, support, or maintenance in the minor beneficiary's accustomed manner of living after taking into account the minor beneficiary's other income and resources known to the trustee and reasonably available for that purpose. When the minor beneficiary attains majority, the trustee shall distribute the trust estate to the beneficiary outright. If the minor beneficiary's estate.

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Trust Administration Provisions

- 10.01. Introduction: The following additional trust provisions shall apply under this instrument.
- 10.02. Spendthrift Provision: No beneficiary shall anticipate, assign, encumber, or subject to any creditor's claim or to legal process any interest in principal or income before its actual receipt by any beneficiary. The beneficial and legal interests in this trust, its principal, and its income shall be free from interference or control of any beneficiary's creditor and shall not be subject to claims of any such creditor or liable to attachment, execution, bankruptcy, or other process of law.
- 10.03. Perpetuities Savings Clause Surviving Spouse and Descendants: All trusts created by this instrument or by the exercise of any power of appointment shall terminate twenty-one (21) years after the death of the surviving spouse and of the descendants of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK living at the surviving spouse's death. The trustee shall distribute the principal and undistributed income of a terminated trust to the then-living income beneficiaries of that trust in the same proportion that the beneficiaries are entitled to receive income when the trust terminates. At the time of such termination, if the trust does not fix the rights to income, the trustee shall distribute the trust by right of representation to the persons who, in the trustee's reasonable discretion, are entitled to receive trust payments.
- 10.04. Disclaimer of Administrative Powers: The trustee may disclaim, release, or restrict the scope of any power held in connection with any trust, including any administrative power, whether such power is expressly granted or implied by law, by a written instrument specifying the power to be disclaimed, released, or restricted and the nature of any such restriction. The special trustee shall exercise all powers disclaimed or released.
- 10.05. Trustee Powers Fiduciary Role: The trustee shall exercise all of the powers in the trustee's fiduciary capacity and only in such capacity. Further, the trustee shall have no power to enlarge or shift any of the beneficial interests under any trust except as an incidental consequence of the discharge of the trustee's fiduciary duties and shall not make any distribution that discharges any beneficiary's legal obligations of support.
- 10.06. Compromise Claims: The trustee shall have the power to compromise, submit to arbitration, abandon, or otherwise adjust any claims or litigation against or in favor of the trust.
- 10.07. Litigation: The trustee shall have the power to commence or defend litigation with respect to the trust estate, as the trustee may deem advisable, at the expense of the trust.
- 10.08. Conflicting Claims and Withholding Payment: On the occurrence of any event requiring the trustee to divide, segregate, or distribute the trust property, the trustee may delay, without the payment of interest, the division, segregation, or distribution of all or any part of such property for such period of time as may be necessary to ascertain and provide for any such contingent liability. However, this delay shall not affect the vesting of any interests or the accrual and payment of trust income to any beneficiary.

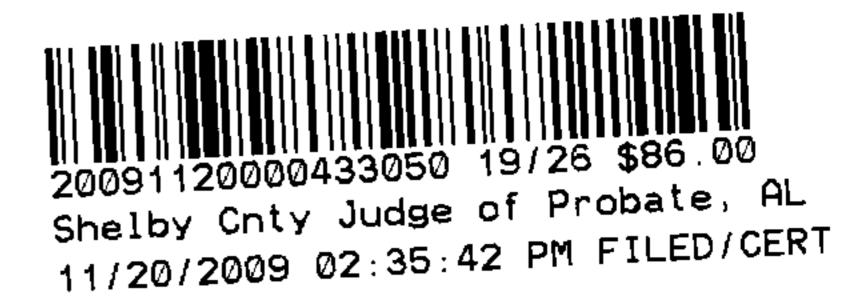


- 10.09. Trustee Powers Survive: All powers, duties, and immunities of the trustee shall continue after termination of any trust and until the trustee has made actual distribution of the property of such trust.
- 10.10. Notice of Events: Unless the trustee receives written notice of the occurrence of an event affecting the beneficial interests of the trust, the trustee shall not be liable to any beneficiary for any distributions made or other actions taken by the trustee in good faith.
- 10.11. Additions to Trust by Third Party: With the consent of the trustee, any third party may add additional property at any time to any trust.
- 10.12. Florida Law Governs: Florida law shall govern the validity, construction, interpretation, and administration of all trusts under this instrument. It is specifically directed by the settlors herein that this trust shall not be subject to the provisions of Florida Statute 737.402 (4). This direction is made pursuant to the provision in Florida Statute 737.402 (4) (a), that this trust, by providing hereby expressly to the contrary, and by this reference thereto that said statute shall not apply, so that this trust shall be exempt from the provisions of Florida Statute 737.402 (4). If any individual Section or Clause of this trust shall be found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be void or unenforceable, the remaining Sections of the trust shall nonetheless remain valid and in full force and effect.
- 10.13. No Contract for Disposition of Trust: No settlor has made any agreement (other than this instrument) controlling the disposition of the trust estate, and the provisions of this trust shall not be read as evidence of any such agreement.

Contest, Disinheritance, Definitions

- 11.01. No Contest Contestant Disinherited: If any beneficiary in any manner, directly or indirectly, contests or attacks this instrument or any of its provisions, any share or interest in the trust given to that contesting beneficiary under this instrument is revoked and shall be disposed of in the same manner provided herein as if that contesting beneficiary had predeceased the settlor.
- 11.02. Trustee Powers Survive: All of the trustee's powers, duties, and immunities shall continue after termination of any trust until the trustee has made actual distribution of the trust estate.
- 11.03. Survivorship Requirement Spouse, Beneficiaries: The surviving spouse must survive the deceased spouse for thirty (30) days before entitlement to all gifts from the deceased spouse. For all gifts to other beneficiaries, the beneficiary must survive the donor-settlor for thirty (30) days before entitlement to such gifts.
- 11.04. Definitions Trust: As used in this instrument, the terms are defined as follows:

"Descendants" shall mean lineal descendants in any degree of the ancestor designated and shall include persons adopted during minority.



"Brothers and sisters" shall include half-brothers and half-sisters if those persons are lineal descendants of the settlor.

"Trust," "trusts," and "trust estate" shall be interpreted in the singular or plural as the context indicates.

"Corporate trustee" shall mean a trust company or a bank with trust powers authorized to act within the United States.

"Education expenses" shall include the cost of elementary, secondary, college, university, postgraduate study, seminars, individual or independent research or study, and travel or foreign study. The trustee may also consider the beneficiary's related living expenses to the extent they are reasonable.

"Death taxes" shall include federal, foreign, state, and local estate and inheritance taxes, including penalties and interest, but not generation-skipping or special use valuation recapture taxes or marital deduction qualified terminable interest attribution.

"Disclaimer" or "qualified disclaimer" has the same meaning that "qualified disclaimer" has under the Internal Revenue Code and supporting regulations. The masculine, feminine, or neuter gender and the singular or plural number shall each include the others whenever the context indicates.

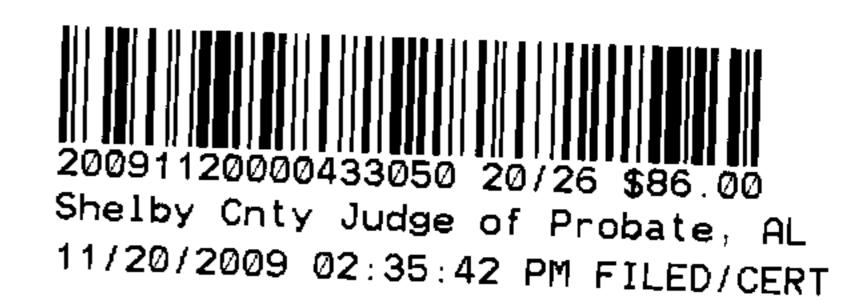
"Beneficiary's other resources" shall include the beneficiary's employable skills and a third party's support obligations.

"Primary beneficiary" is a beneficiary whose interests and needs the trustee shall consider to be paramount over the other designated beneficiaries in the class. Clause headings are for reading convenience and shall be disregarded when construing this instrument.

ARTICLE 12

Grantor's (Settlor's) Right to Homestead Tax Exemption

12.01. Grantor's (Settlor's) Right to Homestead Tax Exemption: The Grantors (Settlors) shall have the right to reside upon any real property in this Trust as their permanent residence during their life, it being the intent of this provision to grant to Grantor (Settlor) the requisite beneficial interest and possessory right in and to such real property to comply with Section 196.041 of the Florida Statutes, such that said beneficial interest and possessory right constitute in all respects "equitable title to real estate" as that term is used in Section 6, Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Florida. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Trust Agreement to the contrary, the interest of Grantors (Settlors) in any real property upon which Grantors (Settlors) reside pursuant to the provisions of this Trust Agreement shall be deemed to be an interest in real property, and not personalty.



Execution and Acknowledgment

Signature Clause - Settlors: CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK certify that CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK have read the foregoing Declaration of Trust and that it correctly states the terms and conditions under which the trustee is to hold, manage, and distribute the trust estate. CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK approve the Declaration of Trust in all particulars and request that the trustee sign it.

request mat me musice sign it.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hand and seal to this our Declaration of Trust this
CHARLES F. PRASEK, Settlor and Trustee
ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, Settlor and Trustee
Signed and Acknowledged in our presence by the said Settlors as and for their Declaration of Trust, and at their request in their presence, and in the presence of each other, we hereunto subscribe our names as attesting witnesses this
Aug Wood
WITNESS/SIGNATURE WITNESS/SIGNA
WITNESS SIGNATURE
WITNESS NAME (PRINTED)
STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF PASCO
Subscribed and sworn to before me by CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M.

PRASEK, the Settlors/Trustees, who are personally known to me ____ or who have

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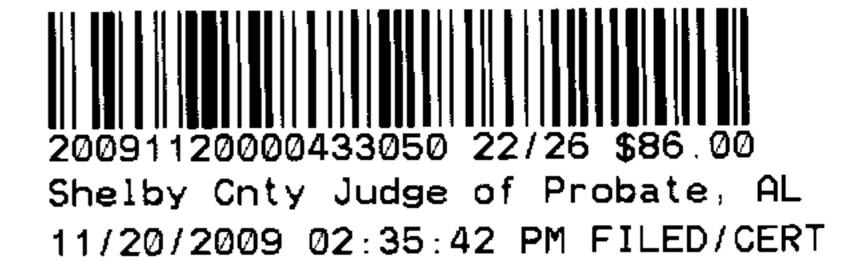
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witness who is personally known to me or who has as identification, on, 20, 20, 20, 20	produced,		
Morin a. Pollock			
Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida	Gloria A Pollock		
Corice Q. Collock	My Commission CC722043 Expires March 5, 2002		
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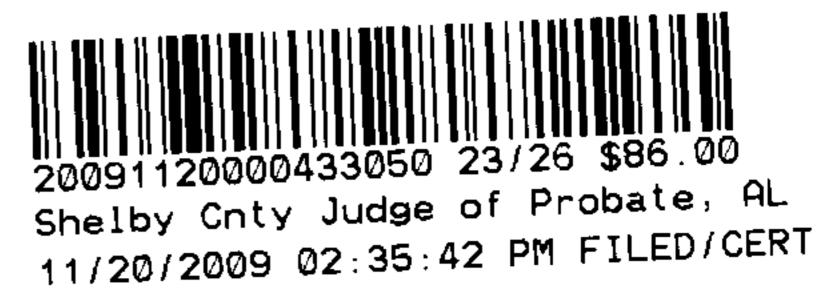
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AFFIDAVIT

We, CHARLES, F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK and Chery S. Was and KNONG L. FERGUSON, the Settlors and the witnesses, respectively, whose names are signed to the attached or foregoing instrument, having been sworn, declared to the undersigned officer, the Settlors, in the presence of the witnesses, signed the instrument as their Declaration of Trust, and that they signed, and that each of the witnesses, in the presence of each other, signed the Declaration of Trust as a witness. CHARLES F. PRASEK TNESS SIGNATURE WITNESS SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE OF NOTARY PUBLIC COUNTY OF PASCO STATE OF FLORIDA Sworm to and subscribed before me this 1th day of 7 much Signature of Notary Public State of Florida Gloria A Pollock Print, Type or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public Expires March 5, 2002 Personally Known Produced Identification OR

Type of Identification Produced



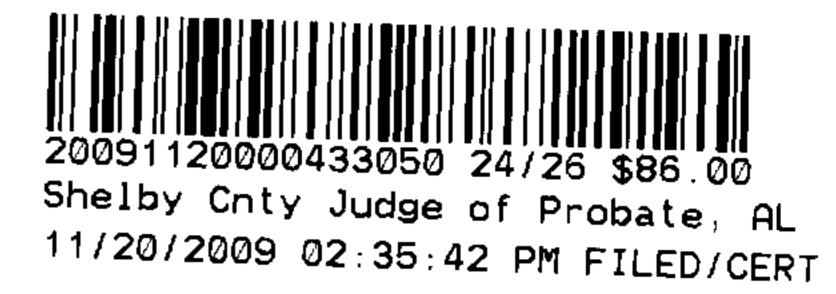
CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST

DECLARATION OF INTENT

The undersigned CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, as Settlors and Trustees of the CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST, declare that all property listed in the Schedule of Trust Property, hereby incorporated by reference, as amended from time to time, and all other property transferred to CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST, in accordance with the terms and conditions of said Trust, and all such assets shall belong to the Trust and not to CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK individually. Except to the extent of the interest provided in the Trust document and this Declaration, they have no personal interest in any such properties. It is the intention of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK that this Declaration shall constitute confirmation of trust ownership and shall be binding on the heirs, successors, executors, administrators, and assigns of CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK.

IN WITNESS WH day of 2704	EREOF, the undersigned , 20	have executed this in	strument this <u>54</u>
Lace	2. June 2. SEK, Settlor and Truste		
CHARLES F. PRA	SEK, Settlor and Truste	e	

ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, Settlor and Trustee

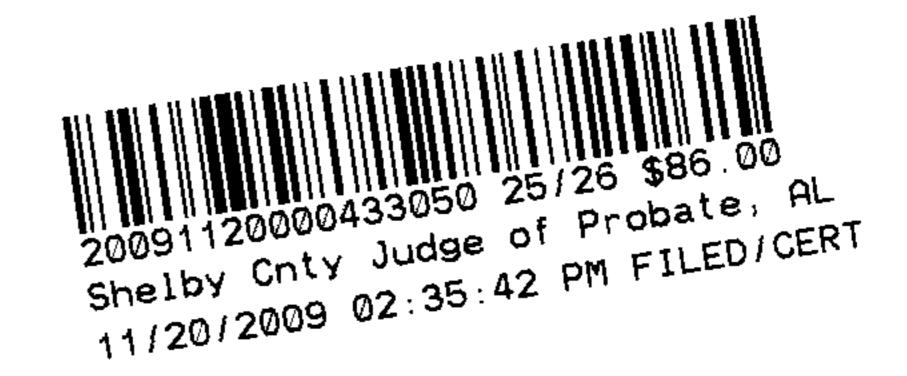


MEMORANDUM OF TRUST CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF PASCO

THE UNDERSIGNED, being duly sworn, depose and certify:

- 1. That CHARLES F. PRASEK and ELIZABETH M. PRASEK, as Settlors and Trustees, executed a Declaration of Trust dated YYUND 6. .. Said Declaration of Trust is entitled CHARLES F. & ELIZABETH M. PRASEK LIVING TRUST.
- 2. That the current beneficiaries under the terms of said Declaration of Trust are the Settlors.
- 3. That the power and authority of the Trustees with respect to the trust property include, by way of illustration, the following:
- A. To sell, exchange, convey, refinance, lease, repair, abandon, pledge for security, and exercise all the rights, powers and privileges which an absolute owner of the same property would have regarding any property which the Trustees choose to receive.
- B. To open bank accounts, to borrow money with or without security, to receive all dividends, interest and other income, and to compromise and settle claims. Any banking institution that establishes accounts in the name of the Trust is advised that there is nothing in the Declaration of Trust that requires any banking institution to exercise any discretion other than required in normal banking procedures. Any and all bank accounts, including checking and savings accounts, established in the name of the Trust by the Trustees, shall be subject to withdrawal, and all checks, drafts, and other obligations of the Trust shall be honored by said depositories upon the signature of either Trustee.
- C. To invest and reinvest the trust estate in every kind of property, real, personal, or mixed, and every kind of investment, specifically including, but not by way of limitation, corporate obligations, of every kind, stocks, preferred or common, shares in investment trusts, investment companies, mutual funds, and mortgage participations.
 - D. To maintain and operate brokerage accounts with brokers.
- E. To carry insurance, including life insurance on any person, at the expense of the Trust of such kinds and in such amounts as the Trustees deem advisable to protect the trust estate against any damage or loss and to protect the Trustees against liability with respect to third parties. The insuring companies have no responsibilities other than to pay the claims and proceeds of the policies and are not required to examine the Declaration of Trust at any time.



- F. To designate Successor Trustees.
- 4. The enumeration of certain powers of the Trustees shall not be interpreted as a limitation of any right of the Trustees not so enumerated, the Trustees being vested with and having all rights, duties and powers and privileges which an absolute owner of the same property would have.

CHARLES F. PRASEK Settlor and Trustee

Elizabeth M. Prasek Settlor and Trustee

Declaration and Acknowledgement of Notary Public

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF PASCO

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5th day of 20 day of 2

PREPARED BY:

Type of Identification Produced

DAVID McCALLISTER

Attorney at Law P.O. Box 7343

Wesley Chapel, FL 33543

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CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

BLUE INK.	County File Number —	File								
	1. DECEASED-NAME	First	Middle	 	ast (Type last na	me all capitals)	2 DATE OF DE	DEATH (Month, Day, Year) 3. COUNTY OF DEATH		
3		Elizabetl							3. 600	
6	4. CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATION			OUI I	RASEK	5. INSIDE CITY LIMITS	IS BLACE OF T	25, 2008 EATH—HOSPITAL OR OTHER	INCOLUTION IN THE SALE	Jefferson
19						(Specify Yes or No)				set, Bras 2018er and unwood
20	Birmingha 7. IF HOSPITAL (Specify Inp.		·	o ue mes	PANC OBICIN IP-	yes		ood by the F	_ · · · _ · _ · · · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
26		ensist on or ordens	int novi	Mexica	n, Puerto Rican, etc	city Yes or No) II Yes, Spe	CRY LUCAN,	9. RACE—(Specify America)	i Indian, Black, While, etc.)	10. SEX
27		Les ininen cues		DAMPER A BAN		no	······································	whi	te	female
34	11. AGE	12 UNDER 1 YEA MOS.	DAYS	UNDER 1 DAY HOURS	MINS.	13. DATE O	F BIRTH (Month, Day, Y	ear)	14. DECEASED'S SOCIAL	
	78 YRS.	•	ļ	TIGOTO	MRNAD.	Dec	ember 23.	1929		
	15. EDUCATION (Specify O) Elementary or High Sch		College (1-4 or	16. MARITAL	STATUS (Specify W. Divorced)	larried, Never Married,		/ING SPOUSE II wife, give ma	iden name)	18. Was Decadent ever in .
		301 3 1 2)	2	. I TRADITED	marri	ed	Chan	rles F. Pras	صاح	Forces (Specify Yes or
	19. STATE OF BIRTH IV not	in USA, name country	20. RES	SIDENCE-STATE		21. COUNTY		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	VN, OR LOCATION AND ZIP (CODE
	Tennessee			Alab	בייונבי	CI	ha1h		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	23. INSIDE CITY LIMITS	24. STREET AND I	NIMBER	<u> </u>			helby RMANT—Name and Ad	dress a -	_Chelsea_3	51.4.3
	(Specify Yes or No)	162 For	4. 1. 277 = 3	TT				Chartes	F. Prasek	
	YES 26. USUAL OCCUPATION (G	ench thow to book evil	during most of wor	kinn life oven if regired			Foothill:		Isea, Al 35	043
• ·		HANDLING AN LIGHT POLICE	•	,	•	4	7. KIND OF BUSINESS	บส เสยบราสา		
	28. FATHER-NAME	First	hostess				A MARTINIA ARA		airline	
	ZOUTA THE TOTAL TOTAL		Middle	Lā	ISI.	2	19. MAIDEN NAME OF N	_	Middle	Last
	20 DICOCCITICAL OF BUDY	Walton	نی کرنندگان نبه حصر حصر حصر	Russ				Luci	والمناف والمناول في المناف المناف المناف المناف المناف المنافع المنافع المنافع المنافع المنافع المنافع المنافع	Hartley
	30. DISPOSITION OF BODY (Donation, Hospital Dispo	sal, Other)	TION, MEDICAL	31. DATE OF DISPOS [Month, Day, Year)		32. CEMETERY OR C			33. LOCATION—(City or	Town-State)
	cremation			June 26,	2008		Crematory		Birm	ingham, AL
	34. FUNERAL HOME—Name		anks Moi	rtuary & (Cremator	y 35. FUNE	RAL DIRECTOR—Signal	(ure /)		38. DATE SIGNED BY FUNERAL DIRE
	808 5th Av			فالمناكب الأوامي وينترس وينوا			(/e	1 1-100		June 26, 2008
	Signature: 39. TIME AND DATE OF DEA	Xaminer (oroner 700	The basis of examination	n and/or investigati	On, in my opinion, death	occurred at the time, o	to the cause(s) and manner late, place, and due to the co- and manner sta	USB(S) 1120. 06 — 3	25-2008 FDEATH(Item 46)
<i>i</i> .	5:05am (06-25- VHO COMPLETED CA	2008 USE OF DEATH (Ite	m 46}	4.,		1	Michael		ER LICENSE NUMBER
	3605 Ra	tliff.	Road.	Birmi	inghan	n Alaba	ma	35210	λ.	L18022
	44 REGISTRAR—	Signature		<i>j</i>		or County us				LED (Month, Day, Year)
			MA	Jan	1 //m				1/1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
							سخون والتواندة والمستحدث والتحكم			ne 27 2008
	MEDICAL CERTIFICATION									
	46 PART I Enter the diseases	s injuries or complic	tions that caused t	the death De not enter				—		
	46. PART I. Enter the disease: IMMEDIATE CAUSE (Final)	a, mjanea, or compre			•		tory arrest, shock, or he	art tallure. LIST UNLY ONE C	AUSE ON EACH LINE.	APPROXIMATE INTERVAL BETWEEN ON AND DEATH
	disease or condition resulting	in death)	DUE TO (OR A	nd Sta AS A CONSEQUENCE (ge De	mentia	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Sequentially list conditions, is immediate cause. Enter UNDE (Disease or injury that in resulting in death) LAST	RLYING CAUSE	Ç	AS A CONSEQUENCE O						
	47. PART II. Other significant	conditions contribution	g to dealn but not s	esulting in the underlyi	ng causa given in P	art İ.	- ·· · <u>-</u> , <u>-· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>		• -	48. WAS THERE A PREGNANCY IN LAST 42 DAYS? (Specify Yes, No, or Unk.)
6	49. MANNER OF DEATH (Spec	city—Accident, Homic	ide, Suicide. Undete	ermined Circumstances	, Pending Investigat	ion, Natural Causei	-,· ,· , ₋	50. AUTOPSY	61 K was arras E-21.	
***************************************	Natural	Cause						(Specify Yes or No)	(Specify Yes or No)	s considered in determining cause of death?
	52. HOW INJURY OCCURRED	Enter nature of injur	y in Item 45. Part 1	or Hem 47, Part H				3. DATE OF INJURY (Month, i	Day, Year)	54. HOUR OF INJURY
	55. INJURY AT WORK (Specify)	ies of ho) 56. PLAC	E OF INJURY—(Sp	ecity at home, farm, str	eet, factory, office b	uilding, etc.)	57. LOCATION OF INJ	NURY (Street or R.F.D. No., City	or Town, State)	·-··

This is a legal record and must be filed within five (5) days after death.

ADPHIHS 3KRAMMIT 93

This is a true and exact copy of the record on file with The Jefferson County Department of Health

ean dine

July 1, 2008

Date Sale